Effectiveness Monitoring at Multiple Temporal and Spatial Scales to Quantify Biotic and Abiotic Responses to Stream Enhancement





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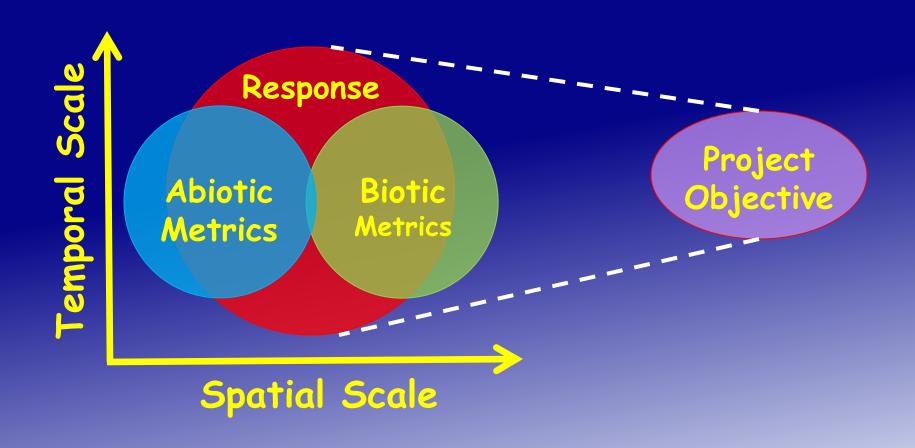
Objectives

 Present our approach to effectiveness monitoring through two project examples

• Tepee Ck IXL Meadows Stream Enhancement Project

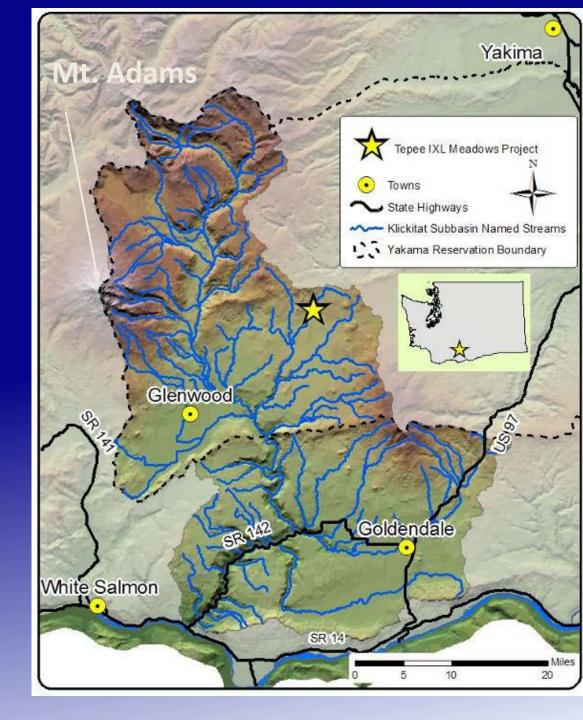
• Tepee Ck Phase 2 Stream Enhancement Project

Effectiveness Monitoring Conceptual Framework



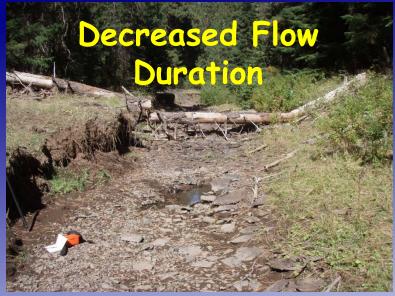
Tepee CK IXL Location

- Klickitat River tributary
- Columbia R. basin
- south-central Washington State
- east-slope of Cascade Mountains
- 22 miles due east of Mt. Adams
- within Yakama Nation Reservation



Tepee Ck IXL Problem







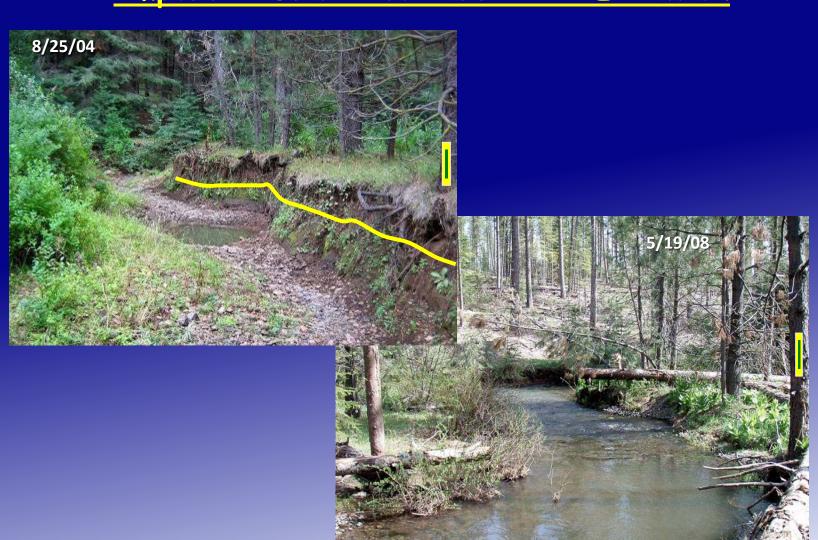
Tepee Ck IXL Objectives

Raise water table / floodplain storage

- Enhance in-channel habitat conditions for residualized O. mykiss and rearing steelhead
- Restore suitability of valley bottom for medicinal and traditional food plants

Tepee Ck IXL Implementation (Fall 2006 and Spring 2007)

Imported Gravel to Raise Bed Elevation



Tepee Ck IXL Implementation (Fall 2006 and Spring 2007)

Culvert Outlets Backwatered to Improve Fish Passage





Tepee Ck IXL Implementation (Fall 2006 and Spring 2007)

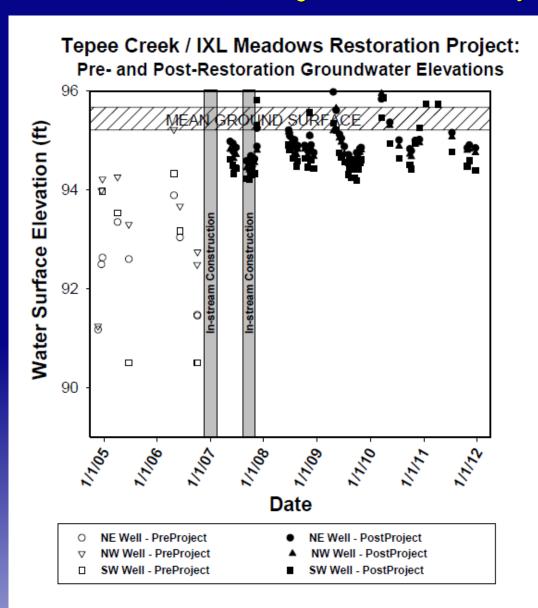
28 LWD Jams Constructed.



Additional Highlights

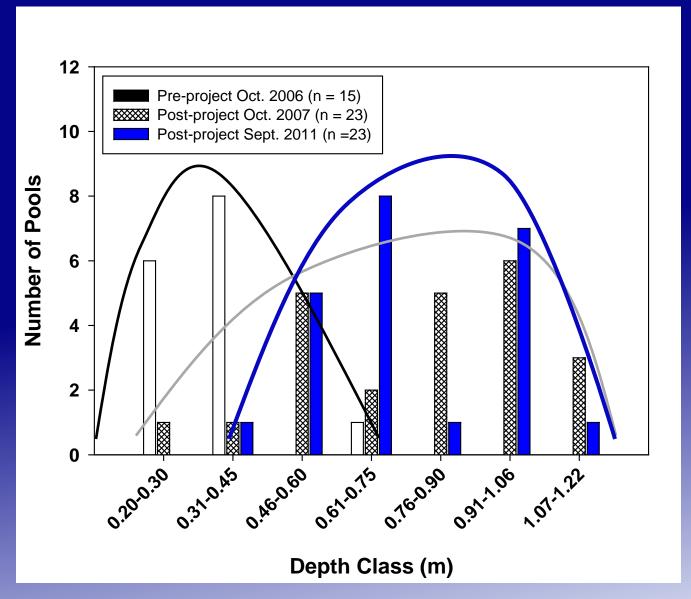
- Ninety-five feet of new channel constructed
- Reconnected 135' of historic channel
- Overall reach lengthened to 1990'
- Numerous floodplain LWD placements constructed
- Built cattle exclosure around perimeter of project site

Groundwater Monitoring - Tepee Ck IXL (Project Site Spatial Scale)



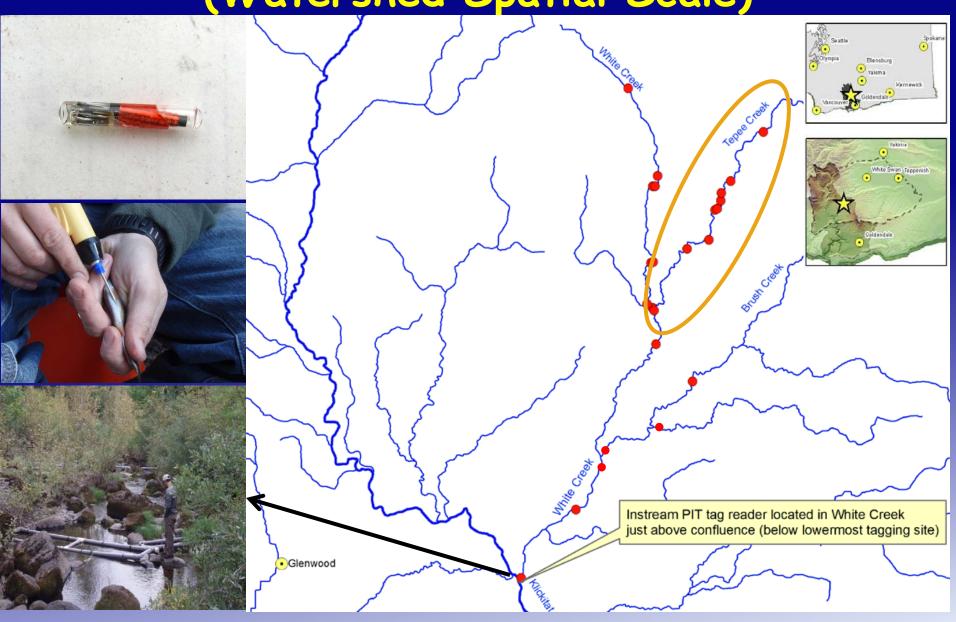
Elevated Water Table
2-4 ft rise and less
variation within and
among wells

Tepee Ck IXL Residual Pool Depths (Project Site Spatial Scale)



- Pools increased from 15 in 2006 to 23 in 2007 and 2011
- Residual pool depths shifted from shallow to deeper
- Residual pool depths maintained post-project

White Creek PIT Tag Study (Watershed Spatial Scale)



PIT Tag Study - Methods



Data Output

| 01 05/12/10 10:11:42 3D9.1C2CBC4456 FF 02 | 01 05/12/10 10:17:32 3D9.1C2CBC4456 FF 04 | 01 05/12/10 10:19:30 3D9.1C2CBC4456 FF 06

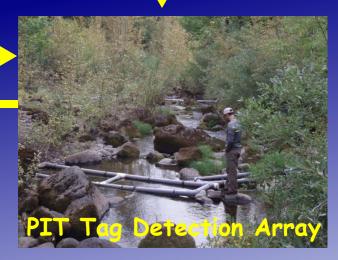




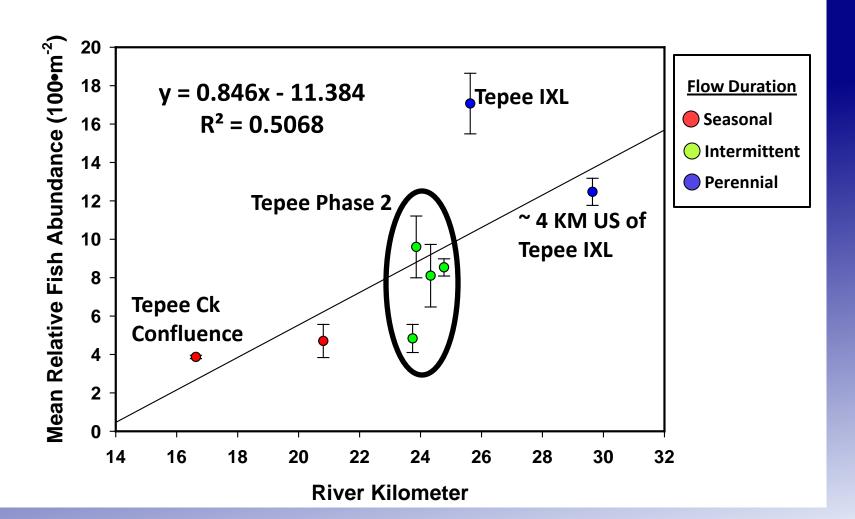




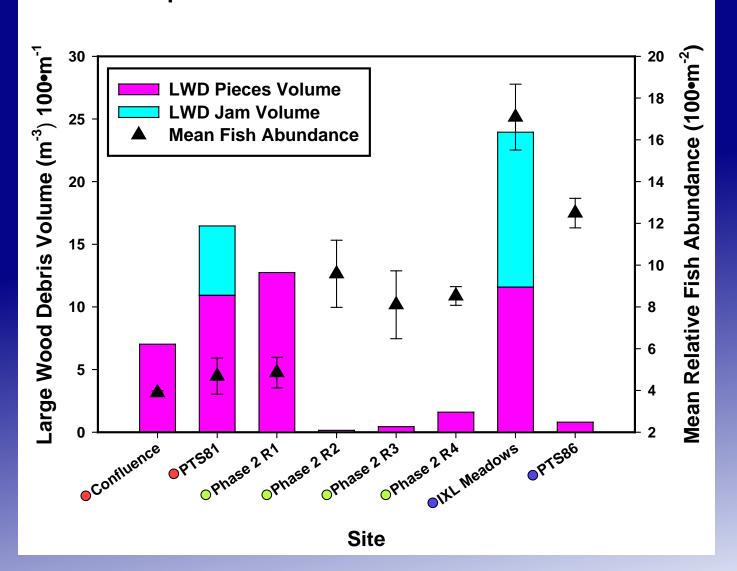




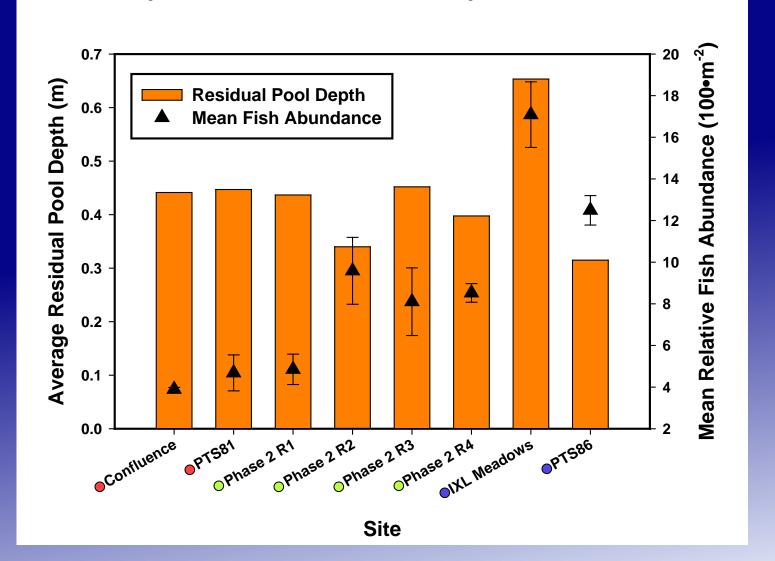
Mean Relative Fish Abundance by Site and Distance from Klickitat
River for 2009-2011 Tagging Groups



Relationship Between Wood Volume and Fish Abundance

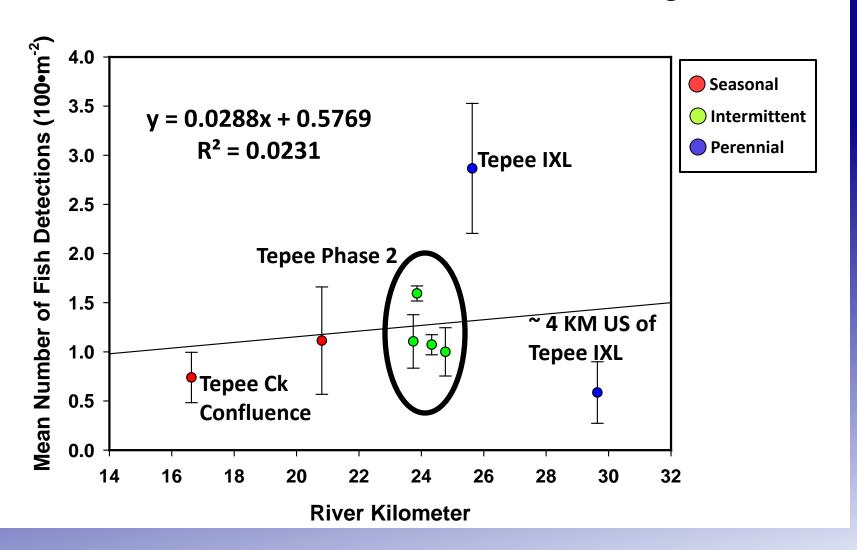


Relationship Between Residual Pool Depth and Fish Abundance

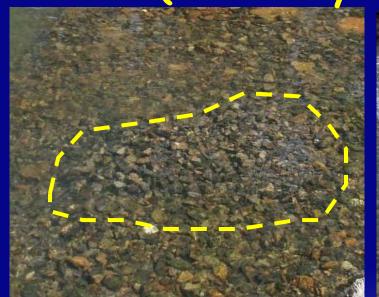


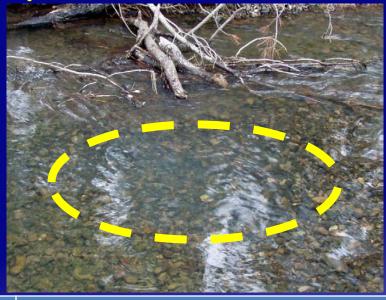
Tepee Ck PIT Tag Study - Tag Analysis (Tributary Spatial Scale)

Mean Number of Fish Detections at the White Creek PIT Tag Array (RK 0.1) by Site and Distance to the Klickitat River for 2010 and 2011 Migration Years



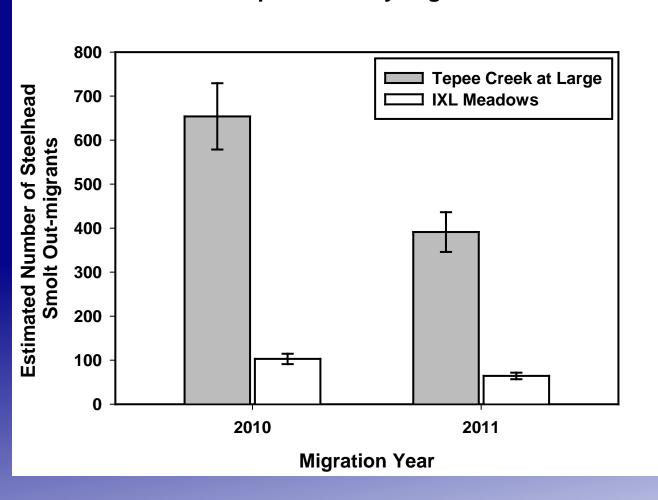
Tepee Ck Steelhead Spawning Surveys (Tributary Spatial Scale)





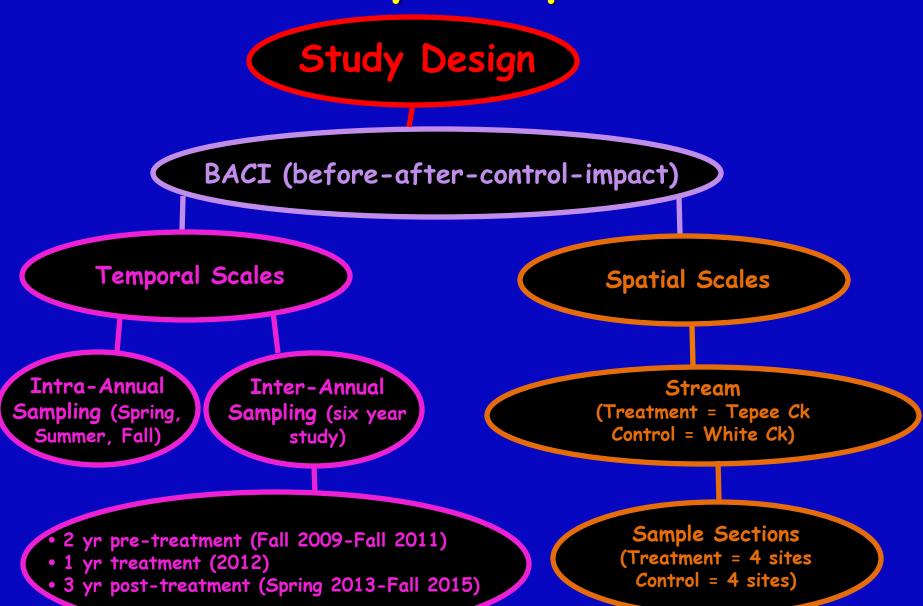
Year	Redds/KM in Tepee IXL Reach (0.64 km)	Redds/KM Tepee Croutside of IXL Reach (13.0 km)
2007	3.1	0.08
2008	0	0.15
2009	6.3	0.62
2010	4.7	0.62
2011	1.6	0.62

Estimated Number of Steelhead Smolt Out-migrants from Tepee Creek by Migration Year

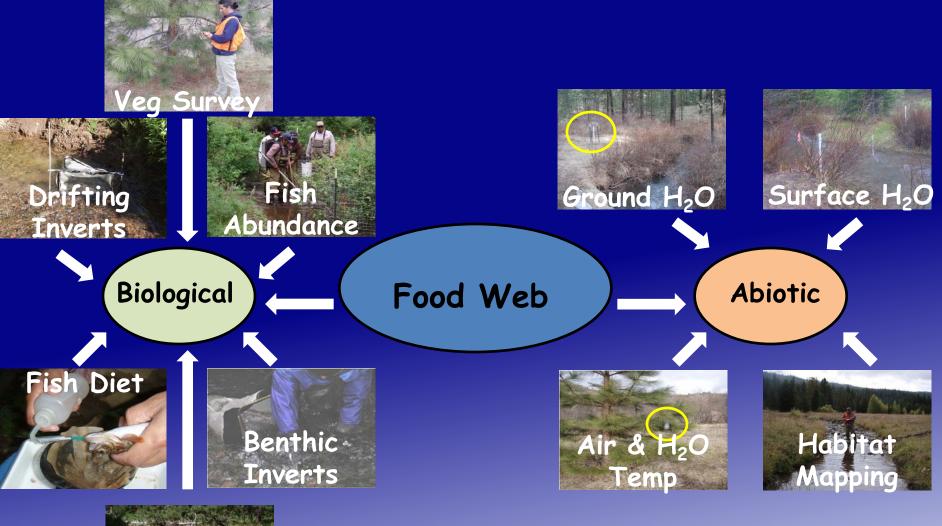


- IXL Meadows = 5% Anadromous Habitat
- IXL Meadows contributed 13.6% of total out-migrants in 2010 Migration Year
- IXL Meadows contributed 14.1% of total out-migrants in 2011 Migration Year

Food Web Study - Tepee Ck Phase 2

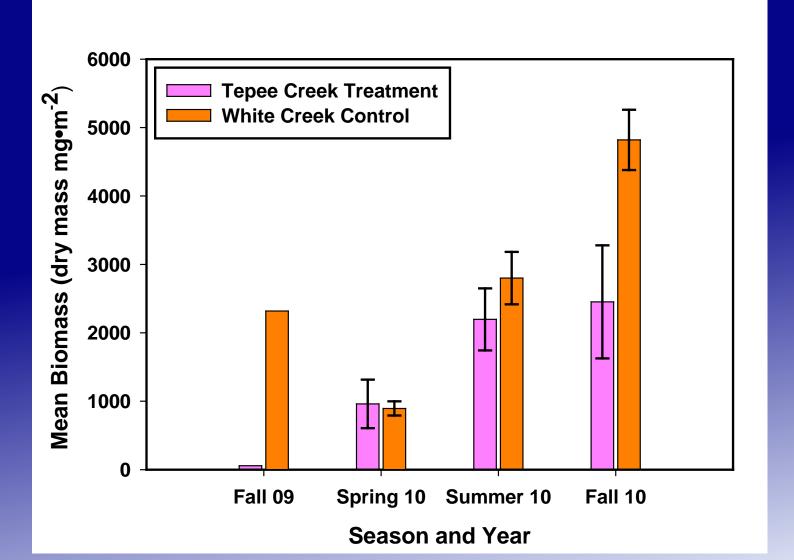


Food Web Study - Tepee Ck Phase 2

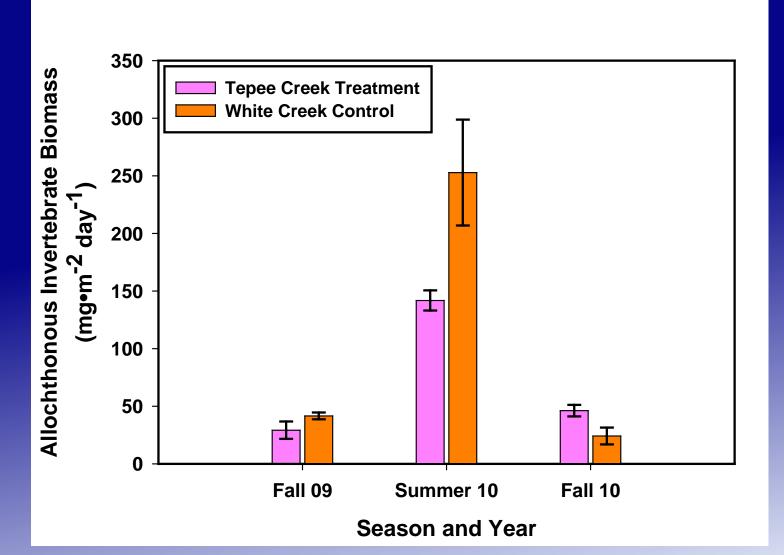




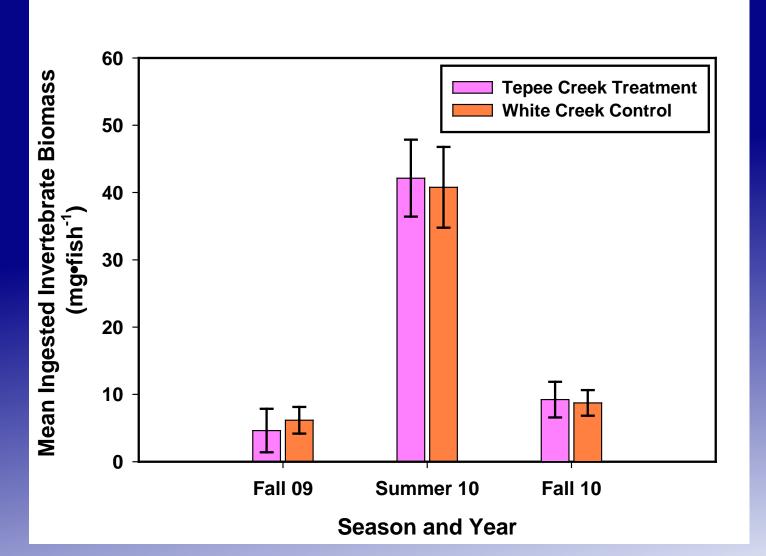
Mean Benthic Invertebrate Biomass in Treatment and Control Sites



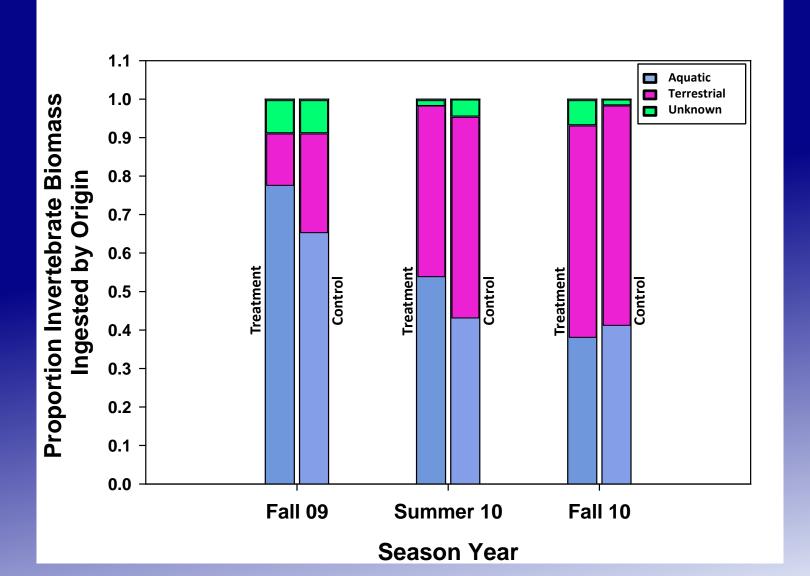
Mean Allochthonous Invertebrate Biomass in Treatment and Control Sites



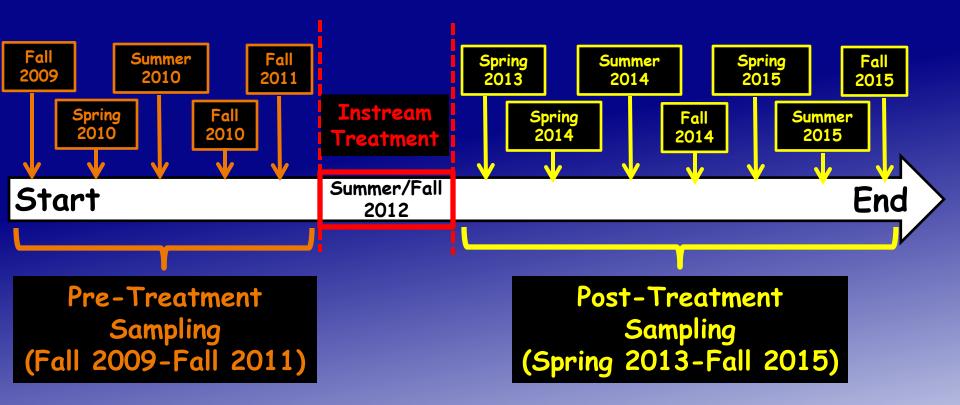
Mean Invertebrate Biomass Ingested in Treatment and Control Sites



Composition of Invertebrate Biomass Ingested in Treatment and Control Sites



Food Web Study - Timeline



Conclusions

- By incorporating a monitoring design that spans multiple spatial and temporal scales in Tepee Creek we were able to:
 - Quantified that stated IXL Meadows Project objectives were met
 - Quantified unstated biological responses in Tepee Creek IXL
 - Quantified that intra-annual sampling is a necessary sampling grain to capture seasonal variation in invertebrate prey availability and fish diet in Tepee Creek Phase 2.

Acknowledgements

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